INCREASING POTATO YIELDS THROUGH EFFICIENT IRRIGATION SOLUTIONS

HIGHER YIELDS . . . LOWER COSTS . . . PRECISION APPLICATION

Offered by an international leader
Lindsay has a worldwide dealer network, factories in the United States, Brazil, France, and South Africa, and additional sales offices in Australia, China, Egypt, Guatemala and Mexico.

Lindsay has installed potato projects in Latin America, China, Europe, Africa, Australia and New Zealand. We can coordinate a variety of resources to implement turnkey irrigation systems wherever they’re needed.

For more information, visit www.zimmatic.com or talk to your Lindsay dealer.

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Why irrigate?

Getting the correct amount of water on your potato crop is essential for producing high yields. Zimmatic irrigation systems bring a cost-effective solution, alleviating risk when the weather isn’t cooperating. It also gives you more flexibility when it comes to planting, because your timeline is not as affected by nature. Potatoes are shallow-rooted and more sensitive to soil moisture stress than crops with deeper roots. Moisture stress (depending on the crop growth stage) can reduce tuber yields, produce misshapen tubers, and negatively affect processing quality. Above all, proper irrigation management helps optimize yields, size distribution and quality of both seed- and consumption-grade tubers.

Water Requirements

Moisture requirements for potatoes depend on several factors including: cultivar maturity characteristics, plant population, water-holding capacity of the soil, climate, and whether tubers are grown for seed or consumption markets.

Potatoes need a well-drained, well-aerated porous soil with a pH of 5 to 6. Fertilizer requirements are relatively high for an irrigated crop: 176 to 246 lbs/acre N (80 to 120 kg/ha), 110 lbs to 176 lbs/acre P (50 to 80 kg/ha) and 275 lbs to 352 lbs/acre K (135 to 160 kg/ha). The growing depth is generally 1.9 to 3.9 inches (15 to 10 cm), and plant spacing is 2.4 x 0.98 ft. (0.73 x 0.3 m) under irrigation.

To effectively plan irrigation, growers need to account for evapotranspiration (ET). Evapotranspiration is the total water use of a crop, including evaporation from the soil and transpiration by the plant. Humidity, solar radiation, wind, as well as crop health and growth stage affect evapotranspiration.

Irrigation Optimization

Potatoes are relatively sensitive to soil water deficits. To optimize yields, the total available soil water should not be depleted by more than 30 to 50%, and the soil should be maintained at a relatively high moisture content. Irrigation at 40% of field capacity (FC) is adequate for seed grade tubers, while “processing/table” crops benefit from irrigation at 65% FC.

Under conditions of limited water supply, irrigation should be directed toward maximizing yield per acre or hectare, rather than spreading the limited water over a larger area. Savings in water can be made primarily through improved timing and depth of irrigation application. Very high yields can be achieved with irrigation systems where evapotranspiration losses are replenished each day or every two days.

References


2 Crop Water Management. AGLW Water Management Group http://www.aglw.org

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Irrigation – ET</th>
<th>Total tuber yield</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-3 to -1.5</td>
<td>322</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-1.5 to 0</td>
<td>358</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 to 1.5</td>
<td>376</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.5 to 3</td>
<td>398</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt;3</td>
<td>362</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: A better Uniformity Coefficient alone does not ensure more tuber yield if the overall crop water requirement is not met and results in a water deficit.

Water Requirements

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References


**CHEMIGATION/FERTIGATION**

Nitrogen (N) is an essential nutrient that greatly benefits the economic viability of irrigated potato production. The nitrate form of N can leach into groundwater if it's not managed properly.

Zimmatic Lateral/Irrigation systems – right amount, right time, right place

- Irrigate 98% of square or rectangular fields, and tow your irrigation system between fields.
- Custom-fit your irrigation system to your fields for uniform application.

**EFFICIENT APPLICATION FOR HIGHER TUBER YIELDS**

Zimmatic Center Pivot Irrigation – Custom-fit your irrigation system to your fields for uniform application.

Zimmatic Lateral/Irrigation – Irrigate 98% of square or rectangular fields, and tow your irrigation system between fields.

Nitrogen management considerations for irrigated potatoes include:

- N rate
- Timing of N application
- Sources of N
- Use of procedures to determine N needs during the growing season
- Effective water management
- Establishment of a cover crop after harvest

1. Effect of a controlled release N source on potato (Russet Burbank) yield.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>N rate</th>
<th>treatment</th>
<th>1991</th>
<th>1992</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>292</td>
<td>160</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>403</td>
<td>403</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>120</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>361</td>
<td>361</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>240</td>
<td>240</td>
<td>411</td>
<td>411</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>320</td>
<td>320</td>
<td>421</td>
<td>421</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>400</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>435</td>
<td>435</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>480</td>
<td>480</td>
<td>455</td>
<td>455</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. Potato yields affected by N management.

- **N rate 1**
  - 0: 0
  - 20: 40, 40, 40 (69, 69, 69)
  - 40: 40, 40, 40 (69, 69, 69)
  - 80: 40, 40, 40 (69, 69, 69)

- **N Treatment**
  - Urea ESN
  - Urea ESN

- **Yield**
  - Net: 737 (242) 631 (70.7)

- **References**
  - Jerry Wright, Paul Regnier, George Rulfs, Gary Miller and Bruce Monforton, Nitrogen Application with Irrigated Water – Chemigation, University of Minnesota Extension, 2002.
  - Freddie Lamm, Daniel O’Brien, Danny Rodgers, Troy Dunder, Society of Cont. Potato Breeder and SDI Economic Comparisons to other irrigation systems.

**Why pivots/laterals?**

**Pivot/lateral irrigation systems – right amount, right time, right place**

Applying the correct amount of water at the right time is crucial to getting a good yield, but it’s also important to apply it uniformly. Surface irrigation systems fall short in this area, but pivot systems apply water evenly throughout the potato field.

**Pivots/laterals v. flood irrigation**

**Less waste**

The most obvious benefit to irrigating with a pivot or lateral system is that it produces less waste. You get even, precise water application across the rows (Figure A), rather than having too much water at the upper end, and not enough water at the other end of the field (Figure B). You won’t lose water to evaporation, and you can control the timing and amount of water that is applied. There’s also less runoff, helping prevent contamination of the water table and nearby streams.

**Lower labor costs**

The Zimmatic irrigation system by Lindsay is automated, so no one has to move pipes, or open and close floodgates. There are no ditches to maintain for pivots. One technician can operate as many as 25 pivots. Plus, remote control and monitoring options are available.

**Higher return on investment**

The long life of a pivot or lateral irrigation system will save you money year after year. You’ll use less water, reducing your energy costs. A Zimmatic pivot or lateral system also applies chemicals and fertilizers evenly, accurately and inexpensively. All this adds up to consistently higher yields.

**Pivots/laterals v. drip irrigation**

**Better return on investment**

A pivot or lateral system costs less per acre (hectare) to install. For example, a Subsurface Drip Irrigation (SDI) system costs over 200% more than a pivot system to install on 125 acres (50 hectares). On larger fields, the cost difference is even greater. The irrigation efficiency is similar with use of drops and LEPA nozzles (95% v. 97%). And if you ever want to sell, there’s a higher resale value on a pivot/lateral system, too.

**Fewer maintenance hassles and labor costs**

Compared to an SDI system, maintenance is extremely simple for pivot and lateral systems. There is no emitter clogging, and no filter maintenance – it requires only a screened intake. Rodents, roots and cultivation equipment won’t damage your system. Even algae and chemicals aren’t issues.

**More benefits for you and your environment**

You can monitor and control your pivot/lateral irrigation system remotely. You can quickly apply water after seeding and as often as needed after that. It’s also easier on your field. When you want to remove your equipment, you won’t have to replace damaged or deteriorated SDI tape. Not to mention the fact that pivot systems are nearly 95% recyclable.
Pivot/lateral irrigation systems – right amount, right time, right place

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- Effective water management.
- Establishment of a cover crop after harvest.

**Nitrogen management considerations for irrigated potatoes include:**

- **N rate**
- **Timing of N application**
- **Sources of N**
- **Use of diagnostic procedures to determine N needs during the growing season**
- **Effective water management**
- **Establishment of a cover crop after harvest**

**N sources**

- **Urea**
- **Ammonium nitrate**
- **Diammonium phosphate**
- **Aspartame**

**ECONOMIC VIABILITY OF IRRIGATION SYSTEMS**

Pivots/laterals v. drip irrigation

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**References**

3. Freddie Lamm, Daniel O’Brien, Danny Rodgers, Tony Duster, Director of Center Pivot & Sprinkler and SDI Economic Comparisons American Society of Agricultural Engineers (ASAE) Meeting Paper #58-201-211, 2012.

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**1. Effect of a controlled release N source on potato (Russet Burbank) yield.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>N rate1</th>
<th>N source</th>
<th>N treatments</th>
<th>Fresh Wt. 3½-oz. size</th>
<th>1991</th>
<th>1992</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>80 (19)</td>
<td>Urea</td>
<td>40,40,40,40</td>
<td>435 (491)</td>
<td>455 (510)</td>
<td>325 (353)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>160 (37)</td>
<td>Urea</td>
<td>120,60,60</td>
<td>401 (449)</td>
<td>481 (539)</td>
<td>325 (353)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>240 (56)</td>
<td>Urea</td>
<td>80,80,80</td>
<td>411 (460)</td>
<td>516 (578)</td>
<td>325 (353)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>320 (74)</td>
<td>Urea</td>
<td>40,100,100</td>
<td>421 (472)</td>
<td>505 (566)</td>
<td>325 (353)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>400 (89)</td>
<td>Urea</td>
<td>0,120,120</td>
<td>411 (460)</td>
<td>538 (603)</td>
<td>325 (353)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>ESN2</td>
<td>435 (491)</td>
<td>455 (510)</td>
<td>325 (353)</td>
<td>325 (353)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Leaching | - | 80 (90) | 435 (491) | 455 (510) | 325 (353) |

1. Metric conversions are not representative of this study.

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**2. Potato yields affected by N management.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>N rate2</th>
<th>Treatment</th>
<th>1991</th>
<th>1992</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>282 (316)</td>
<td>240 (269)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80 (90)</td>
<td>40,40,40</td>
<td>435 (491)</td>
<td>455 (510)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>160 (37)</td>
<td>120,60,60</td>
<td>401 (449)</td>
<td>481 (539)</td>
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<td>400 (89)</td>
<td>0,120,120</td>
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<td>538 (603)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

**Zimmatic pivot or lateral system**

- Why pivots/laterals?

- The long life of a pivot or lateral system will save you money year after year. You’ll use less water, reducing your energy costs.

- A Zimmatic pivot or lateral system also applies chemicals and fertilizers evenly, accurately and inexpensively. All this adds up to consistently higher yields.
Tough, dependable Lindsay irrigation systems have been the choice of the world’s irrigators for more than 30 years. Lindsay irrigation systems pay for themselves many times over during their lifespan, and alleviate risk when weather conditions are not ideal for planting and growing conditions.

Yields: maximized
A Lindsay irrigation system can provide proper application to every part of a field throughout the growing season, even in those areas that are currently underutilized. Only Lindsay offers powerful, easy-to-use GrowSmart™ irrigation management products.

Time and labor: saved
When compared with other irrigation methods, a Lindsay system will help maximize the efficiency of both time and labor.

Flexible, intuitive GrowSmart irrigation control products make scheduling and operation simple.

**Application: precision**
GrowSmart’s Hydra Inject chemical injection series offers effortless control and setup, pulse-free flow for precise adjustment of injection rates, and built-in safety features for reliable and accurate performance.

**Downtime: minimized**
Lindsay irrigation systems are designed and engineered for life on the farm. They’re constructed using only the highest quality components for superior performance season after season.

**Support: certified**
Our network of certified dealers is trained to customize, install and service our entire range of irrigation systems.

---

**Superior components built to last**

- **Exclusive collector ring**
  Eliminates water flow restrictions, unlike internal design of other pivots.

- **Formed outlets**
  Ensures precisely matched threads for a watertight seal, unlike welded outlets that can leak on other pivot brands.

- **Uni-Knuckle span connector joint**
  Provides stress-free flexibility to handle uneven terrain and on slopes up to 30%.

- **Advanced drive line (center drive and PowerDrive gearbox)**
  Assures long life and durable operation in demanding potato applications, characterized by thick and damp foliage.

- **Poly-lined pipe**
  Heavy-duty High Density Polyethylene (H.D.P.E.) handles corrosive elements, saline and acidic water.

---

**Watertronics – Customized pump stations**
Watertronics, a subsidiary of Lindsay, offers a complete, integrated pump station that helps you maintain consistent water delivery from river stations, irrigation reservoirs, canals and lagoons.

Factory tested, each pump station is engineered based on your needs and field conditions to ensure peak performance.

- All components are integrated and housed in one complete unit
- Precision energy efficiency
- Variable Frequency Drive provides immediate energy savings
- Simple monitoring and control
- Continuous surge-free pressure regulation for enhanced efficiencies
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## Increasing Potato Yields through Efficient Irrigation Solutions

### Higher Yields . . . Lower Costs . . . Precision Application

**FieldBASIC**
- Sets the standard for manual system control
- Easy-to-understand icons speed and simplify operation
- LEDs provide quick review of system status

**FieldVISION**
- Easiest to operate
- Unique graphic display provides quick visual status to enhance irrigation management
- Automated area plans save on water, energy and labor
- Accurately adjust water application depths by selecting from a customized list
- History log tracks water usage and pivot performance

**FieldBOSS**
- Most powerful, programmable and expandable
- Versatile operation in automated or manual mode
- Step-by-step planning options help you save water, labor and energy
- More memory than most other control panels

**FieldNET™**
- Real-time, Web-based irrigation management
- Networks all of your pivots, no matter what brand – and gives you access and control from any computer or phone
- The user-friendly Web portal lets you configure irrigation requirements and make adjustments quickly and easily
- Precise application of water for maximum efficiency
- Text message alerts keep you updated on pivot status

### Resource Management
- Soil moisture sensors optimize water, fertilizer and energy use
- Chemical injection systems improve application of fertilizers and chemicals

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